INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024



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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

The Commissioners Missouri Housing Development Commission Kansas City, Missouri

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Missouri Housing Development Commission, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Missouri Housing Development Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Missouri Housing Development Commission as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Missouri Housing Development Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Missouri Housing Development Commission's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Missouri Housing Development Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements. In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Missouri Housing Development Commission's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Missouri Housing Development Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedules of Commission's proportionate share of the net pension and OPEB liability and schedules of Commission's contributions on pages 5 through 13 and 60 and 61 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Missouri Housing Development Commission's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, which includes the combining statement of net position; combining statement of net position multifamily bond-financed programs; combining statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position; combining statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position multifamily bond-financed programs; and the combining statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position single family bond-financed programs, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

September 11, 2024

Rulin Brown LLP

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

Management's discussion and analysis provides an overview of the financial activities of the Missouri Housing Development Commission (Commission) and its financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the Commission's financial statements and accompanying notes.

#### **Introduction - Missouri Housing Development Commission**

The Missouri Housing Development Commission was established by the 75th Missouri General Assembly in 1969 and is the housing finance agency for the state of Missouri (State). The Commission is a self-sustaining organization and does not draw upon the general taxing authority of the State. The Commission secures resources through the sale of bonds and notes and through the sale of mortgage assets, for the purposes of financing owner-occupied residential mortgage loans for lower and moderate-income persons and providing construction and long-term financing for rental developments to be occupied by lower and moderate-income persons. The Commission's net position is also a source of funding for such loans and other housing-related programs.

The Commission manages other programs related to its housing finance activities, including administering the Missouri Housing Trust Fund, the Missouri Affordable Housing Assistance Program and the housing tax credits for the State. The Commission also administers federal and other assistance programs, including U.S. Department of the Treasury emergency rental and homeowner assistance, the HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME), Housing Trust Fund and the Project-Based Section 8 program, which provides rental subsidies.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual financial report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis; the basic financial statements, including notes to the financial statements; and required and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements include the statement of net position, the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and the statement of cash flows. The Commission is a self-supporting entity and follows enterprise fund reporting, using the accrual basis of accounting. Enterprise fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities and operations of the Commission.

#### **Financial Highlights**

The following financial highlights provide important aspects regarding the Commission's financial activities and operations, with additional discussion provided in this discussion and analysis. This information should be considered in conjunction with the detail provided in the financial statements, accompanying notes and supplementary information.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

#### Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

- Total assets were \$2.5 billion, an increase of 18.0% from June 30, 2023. Excluding net unrealized losses, total assets were \$2.7 billion, an increase of 17.5% from June 30, 2023. The increase resulted from an increase in homeownership bond-financed assets, including mortgage-backed securities, offset by disbursed federal rental and homeowner assistance funds advanced to the Commission in prior years in accordance with the Consolidated Appropriations Act and the American Rescue Plan Act.
- Fiscal year 2024 mortgage investment purchases and originations totaled \$536.2 million as compared to \$305.7 million in fiscal year 2023. Principal repayments on mortgage assets totaled \$135.0 million in fiscal year 2024 as compared to \$141.6 million in fiscal year 2023.
- Single family mortgage revenue bonds issued totaled \$540.0 million in fiscal year 2024 and totaled \$240.0 million in fiscal year 2023.
- Total revenues were \$351.0 million in fiscal year 2024. Excluding the net change in fair value of investments, total revenues decreased 33.0% to \$376.9 million in fiscal year 2024. Revenues from federal assistance programs decreased 42.4% to \$278.1 million in fiscal year 2024 as compared to \$482.8 million in fiscal year 2023.
- Net operating income, excluding the net change in fair value of investments, was \$23.6 million in fiscal year 2024 as compared to \$10.0 million in fiscal year 2023. Excluding federal and other assistance programs and the net change in fair value of investments, net operating income was \$19.7 million in fiscal year 2024 as compared to \$6.3 million in fiscal year 2023.
- Net position decreased \$2.2 million as of June 30, 2024. Excluding the change in fair value of investments, net position increased \$18.4 million (2.2%) as of June 30, 2024.

The Commission has maintained a general obligation issuer credit rating from Standard and Poor's Ratings Services of AA+ with a stable outlook. This rating was affirmed December 18, 2023.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

#### **Financial Position**

The following table summarizes the Commission's current, restricted and noncurrent assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The table also displays restricted and unrestricted net position as of June 30, 2024 and 2023.

#### Condensed Summary of Net Position (In Thousands)

	June	e <b>30</b> ,	\$ change
	2024	2023	2024 - 2023
Assets			
Current assets	\$ 49,185	\$ 41,526	\$ 7,659
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	199,977	210,508	(10,531)
Restricted investments	103,982	101,877	2,105
Restricted mortgage investments	1,820,267	1,448,857	371,410
Other restricted assets	7,539	8,679	(1,140)
Capital assets	2,724	1,691	1,033
Lease and subscription assets	7,382	2,184	5,198
Other	270,073	270,767	(694)
Total Assets	2,461,129	2,086,089	375,040
Deferred Outflows of			
Resources	12,896	10,275	2,621
Liabilities			
Current liabilities	22,592	23,333	(741)
Current liabilities - payable from			
restricted assets	58,433	136,191	(77,758)
Long-term bonds and notes payable	1,670,451	1,224,866	445,585
Other	54,052	41,158	12,894
Total Liabilities	1,805,528	1,425,548	379,980
Deferred Inflows of			
Resources	3,165	3,275	(110)
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	2,602	1,712	890
Restricted	402,664	408,616	(5,952)
Unrestricted	260,066	257,213	2,853
Total Net Position	\$ 665,332	\$ 667,541	\$ (2,209)

The cost-basis of assets totaled \$2.7 billion and \$2.3 billion at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Restricted cash and cash equivalents includes deposit balances received in accordance with the Consolidated Appropriations Act and the American Rescue Plan Act, including \$10.1 million in rental assistance and \$4.2 million in homeowner assistance funds at June 30, 2024 as compared to \$19.0 million in rental assistance and \$77.1 million in homeowner assistance funds at June 30, 2023.

#### **Investments**

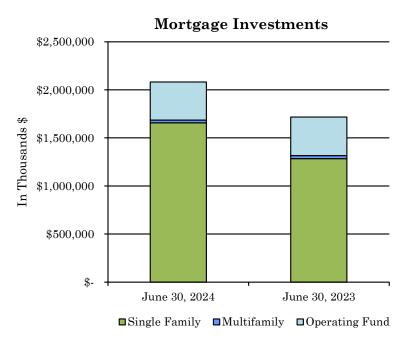
Investments consist of U.S. government and agency fixed rate securities. The Commission's investment policy emphasizes preservation of principal. At June 30, 2024, the Commission had \$329.8 million in investments, at cost, as compared to \$343.2 million at June 30, 2023.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

#### **Mortgage Investments**

The Commission's mortgage investments, at cost, increased 23.0% during fiscal year 2024. Mortgage investments, as reported, comprised 77.9% of the Commission's total assets at June 30, 2024 as compared to 74.4% at June 30, 2023. Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA), Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae) and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac) mortgage-backed securities (MBS) comprise 79.9% of the Commission's mortgage investments at June 30, 2024 compared to 74.6% at June 30, 2023. In fiscal year 2024 new loans totaled \$536.2 million, with mortgage payment and prepayment activity and change in fair value resulting in a net increase of \$364.9 million in the mortgage investment portfolio, as reported. Excluding unrealized net losses, the Commission's mortgage investments increased \$394.4 million in fiscal year 2024. The Commission's loan portfolio is lowrisk, with all of the bond-financed homeownership loan investment portfolio being GNMA, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac MBS and its bond-financed multifamily loan portfolio backed by Federal Housing Administration (FHA) insurance, including Risk-Share loans. The Commission's loan loss reserve was 9.3% of total mortgage assets, excluding MBS, at June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023 which is allocated to uninsured loans, Risk-Share loans and related accrued interest on such loans.

The composition of mortgage investments among operating fund loans, multifamily bond-financed programs and single family bond-financed programs at June 30, 2024 and 2023 is depicted in the following chart:



The Commission had significant growth in its bond-financed single family mortgage programs in fiscal year 2024. Mortgage-backed securities purchased totaled \$513.8 million and \$267.0 million in fiscal years 2024 and 2023, respectively. Fluctuations reflect home purchase activity which is impacted by economic conditions including interest rates, availability of homes and other factors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The Commission provides financing for single family mortgages eligible for GNMA, Fannie Mae, and Freddie Mac securitization. The Commission currently provides eligible homebuyers with mortgage loans financed by the Commission's first-time homebuyer bond programs (First Place loans) for which the MBS are initially purchased for the Commission's warehouse funded by short-term FHLB advances or net position and ultimately financed by the proceeds of tax-exempt bonds issued by the Commission.

The Commission has financed eligible homebuyers, including non-first time homebuyers, with mortgage loans (Next Step program) financed at predetermined daily prices via the To-Be-Announced (TBA) market in accordance with an agreement with a third-party administrator. Next Step MBS delivered totaled \$3.9 million in fiscal year 2024 and \$9.9 million in fiscal year 2023. Due to market conditions, during fiscal year 2024 the Commission began financing the Next Step program mortgages with proceeds provided by the Commission's issuance of taxable bonds.

The Commission's operating fund mortgage investments include mortgage-backed securities and loans financed with fund balances (net position). These mortgage investments total \$137.1 million at June 30, 2024, as compared to \$144.6 million at June 30, 2023. The operating fund mortgage investments also include loans financed by the federal HOME program totaling \$232.6 million at June 30, 2024, as compared to \$231.0 million at June 30, 2023. In addition, the operating fund loans at June 30, 2024 include \$26.1 million in loans financed by the federal Tax Credit Assistance Program (TCAP), as compared to \$26.4 million at June 30, 2023.

The Commission's multifamily loan portfolio includes FHA-insured Risk-Share mortgage loans, in which the Commission participates in 50% of the insured risk. These loans totaled \$36.3 million at June 30, 2024 and \$41.7 million at June 30, 2023.

#### Debt

The Commission had \$1.7 billion and \$1.3 billion in bonds and notes outstanding at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Bonds and notes include short-term FHLB advances used to fund the Commission's warehousing of First Place homeownership program mortgage-backed securities in advance of selling mortgage revenue bonds. The short-term FHLB advances included financings of \$698.2 million during fiscal year 2024, including rollover financings of \$409.8 million. There were no advances outstanding at June 30, 2024 and 2023.

During fiscal year 2024, new debt issued included seven single family mortgage revenue bond series which totaled \$540.0 million. During fiscal year 2023, new debt issued included three single family mortgage revenue bond series which totaled \$240.0 million. The Commission's single family and multifamily housing bonds are rated AA+ with a stable outlook by Standard and Poor's. For additional information, see *Note 5*, Bonds Payable and Long-Term Obligations, in the Notes to Financial Statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

#### **Net Position**

The Commission continues to demonstrate a strong financial position. Net position, excluding unrealized gains and losses, was \$857.0 million at June 30, 2024 and \$838.6 million at June 30, 2023, representing growth of 2.2% in fiscal year 2024. A significant portion of the Commission's net position is restricted by bond indentures, grant agreements and other legal requirements. Restricted net position totaled \$402.7 million at June 30, 2024 compared to \$408.6 million at June 30, 2023. In addition, the Commission has designated certain unrestricted net position for its affordable housing programs. The amounts designated were \$245.4 million at June 30, 2024 and \$237.4 million at June 30, 2023. Net position provides liquidity and capital adequacy to support the Commission's general obligations and commitments, such as the Commission's ongoing operating expenses, construction and permanent loan funding and participation in the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Risk-Share Program, that are secured by the Commission's full faith and credit.

#### **Operating Activities**

The following table summarizes the Commission's revenues, expenses and changes in net position for fiscal years 2024 and 2023.

Condensed Summary of
Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (In Thousands)

			\$ change
	2024	2023	2024 - 2023
Operating Revenues			
Interest and investment income	\$ 54,374	\$ (10,470)	\$ 64,844
Grants and federalassistance	278,135	482,772	(204,637)
Other	18,518	17,824	694
Total Operating Revenues	351,027	490,126	(139,099)
Operating Expenses			
Interest expense	43,629	30,168	13,461
Compensation and administrative			
expenses	25,375	23,384	1,991
Grants and federalassistance	274,223	479,038	(204,815)
Other	10,565	20,733	(10, 168)
Total Operating Expenses	353,792	553,323	(199,531)
Income before transfers from Custodial Funds Transfer from Custodial Funds	(2,765) 556	(63,197) 720	60,432 (164)
Change in Net Position	\$ (2,209)	\$ (62,477)	\$ 60,268

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The Commission continues to exhibit healthy financial activity. Total revenues fluctuated primarily due to changes in grants and federal assistance and changes in fair value with an overall increase in fiscal year 2024. Excluding the effects of fair value reporting:

- Revenues totaled \$376.9 million and \$562.6 million in fiscal years 2024 and 2023, respectively. The decrease in fiscal year 2024 primarily resulted from a \$204.6 million decrease in federal grant program revenues.
- The change in net position was an increase of \$18.4 million in fiscal year 2024 and \$6.3 million in fiscal year 2023, demonstrating continued financial strength.
- The return on average equity was 2.2% and the return on average assets was 0.7% for fiscal year 2024 as compared to 0.8% and 0.3%, respectively, in fiscal year 2023.

#### Revenues

Interest and investment income totaled a gain of \$54.4 million in fiscal year 2024 as compared to a loss of \$10.5 million in fiscal year 2023. This income includes net decreases in fair value of \$25.8 million in fiscal year 2024 and \$72.5 million in fiscal year 2023. Changes in the fair value of the Commission's portfolio of mortgage-backed securities and other investments result from fluctuations in interest rates and other market factors.

Without the fair value adjustments, interest and investment income totaled \$80.2 million in fiscal year 2024, which was a 29.3% increase from a total of \$62.0 million in fiscal year 2023. This increase included a 28.0% increase in mortgage asset investment income resulting primarily from an increase in mortgage-backed securities held, which at cost were 31.5% higher at June 30, 2024 as compared to June 30, 2023. Depending on future financial markets, interest rate fluctuations and thus, changes in the fair value of investments and mortgage-backed securities reported, are expected to have continuing material effects on the Commission's financial statements.

Other operating revenues include \$9.1 million and \$9.2 million in administration fee income for fiscal years 2024 and 2023, respectively. These fees are predominantly related to the Commission's administration of federal programs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

#### **Grants and Federal Assistance**

Federal assistance program revenues and expenses represent activity related to developments funded by HUD (including Project-Based Section 8, Housing Trust Fund and HOME), federal rental and homeowner assistance stimulus programs provided by the Consolidated Appropriations Act and the American Rescue Plan Act and other housing programs. These revenues totaled \$278.1 million in fiscal year 2024 as compared to \$482.8 million in fiscal year 2023 while expenses incurred were \$274.2 million in fiscal year 2024 and \$479.0 million in fiscal year 2023. Grant revenues in fiscal year 2024 decreased primarily due to a decrease in emergency rental and homeowner assistance, which decreased to \$84.7 million in fiscal year 2024 from \$302.8 million in fiscal year 2023. Project-Based Section 8 revenues totaled \$171.1 million and \$162.3 million in fiscal years 2024 and 2023, respectively. Housing Trust Fund and HOME funding has varied reflecting timing of awards and disbursements and totaled \$17.4 million in fiscal year 2024 and \$13.1 million in fiscal year 2023. These programs, along with tax credit programs, are integral to the Commission's achievement of its objectives. The Commission is providing significant housing support by administering the federal rental and homeowner assistance stimulus programs. The Commission continues to effectively use ongoing federal government and other programs that serve its mission utilizing those that provide resources that leverage its net position and other resources to finance affordable multifamily and owneroccupied housing for Missourians as well as provide housing assistance to very low-income Missourians.

#### **Expenses**

Interest costs were \$43.6 million for fiscal year 2024 as compared to \$30.2 million for fiscal year 2023 (an increase of 44.6% in fiscal year 2024). The increase in fiscal year 2024 reflects increased interest rates and an increase in bonds outstanding of \$449.2 million, net of paydowns, in fiscal year 2024.

Beyond the costs associated with debt financing, the Commission's chief operating costs consist of compensation, facilities rent, information systems, professional services and travel expenses. These costs totaled \$25.4 million in fiscal year 2024 as compared to \$23.4 million in fiscal year 2023. Fiscal year 2024 costs include pension benefit costs of \$5.9 million as compared to \$4.7 million in fiscal year 2023. In addition, compensation reflects increased wage rates incorporating a cost of living adjustment of 8.7% effective March 2023.

#### **Economic and Other Factors**

The Commission's programs and activities are subject to economic and other factors that may affect the Commission's financial position and operations. In the coming year, changes in interest rates and market conditions can be expected to impact investment earnings and in particular, may result in significant fluctuations in the fair value of investments and mortgage-backed securities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The level of lending activity in the Commission's single family programs is impacted by economic conditions, including the availability of single family homes for sale. The Commission expects to continue to finance its First Place and Next Step mortgage programs primarily with bond proceeds. Changes in interest rates and market conditions may impact the Commission's financing of its homeownership programs, including sales in the TBA market as an alternative for financing in the bond market.

The Commission administers the Project-Based Section 8 program in the State through a contract with HUD, which results in over \$171 million in housing assistance payment revenue and expense activity annually. The current contract terminates January 31, 2025. HUD may extend the current contract term and is planning to competitively bid this program administration.

#### Contacting the Commission's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the Commission's stakeholders with a general overview of the Commission's finances and to demonstrate accountability of resources. Questions about this report or inquiries for additional financial information may be directed to the Custodian of Records at the Missouri Housing Development Commission, 1201 Walnut Street, Suite 1800, Kansas City, Missouri, 64106 or visit the Commission's website at www.mhdc.com.

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2024 (In Thousands)

Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ Investments Mortgage investments Accrued interest receivable Accounts receivable - other Prepaid expenses  Total Current Assets	28,600 5,879 10,425 2,475 1,427 379 49,185
Investments Mortgage investments Accrued interest receivable Accounts receivable - other Prepaid expenses	5,879 10,425 2,475 1,427 379 49,185
Mortgage investments Accrued interest receivable Accounts receivable - other Prepaid expenses	10,425 2,475 1,427 379 49,185
Accrued interest receivable Accounts receivable - other Prepaid expenses	2,475 1,427 379 49,185
Accounts receivable - other Prepaid expenses	1,427 379 49,185
Prepaid expenses	379 49,185
	49,185
Total Current Assets	,
Noncurrent Assets	
Restricted assets	
	199,977
	103,982
	820,267
Accrued interest receivable	7,539
	131,765
Investments	184,287
Mortgage investments, net of current portion and allowances	
for loan losses of \$39,272	85,786
Capital assets, less accumulated depreciation	
of \$5,671	2,724
Lease and subscription assets, less accumulated amortization	
of \$1,556	7,382
Total Noncurrent Assets 2,4	411,944
Total Assets 2,4	461,129
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Refunding of debt	680
Pension	9,482
Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)	2,734
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	12,896

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) June 30, 2024 (In Thousands)

Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Lease and subscription liabilities	\$ 498
Accounts payable	20,725
Unearned revenue	1,369
Total Current Liabilities	22,592
Current Liabilities - Payable from Restricted Assets	
Bonds and notes payable	33,429
Accrued interest payable	10,457
Federal housing subsidy and other deposits	14,545
Accounts payable	2
Total Current Liabilities - Payable from	
Restricted Assets	58,433
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Lease and subscription liabilities	7,006
Pension	30,997
Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)	6,480
Unearned revenue	9,569
Payable from restricted assets	
Bonds and notes payable	1,670,451
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,724,503
Total Liabilities	1,805,528
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Refunding of debt	897
Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)	2,268
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,165
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	2,602
Restricted	402,664
Unrestricted, including designated balances	260,066
Total Net Position	\$ 665,332

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (In Thousands)

Operating Revenues	
Interest and investment income	
Income - mortgage investments	\$ 68,340
Income - investments	11,873
Net decrease in fair value	(25,839)
Total interest and investment income	54,374
Income - MBS sales	84
Administration fees	9,141
Other income	9,293
Federal program income	278,135
Total Operating Revenues	351,027
Operating Expenses	
Interest expense on bonds	43,629
Bond debt expense and other fees	5,092
Compensation	19,056
General and administrative expenses	6,319
Rent and other subsidy payments	1,969
Missouri Housing Trust Fund grants	3,504
Federal program expenses	274,223
Total Operating Expenses	353,792
Income before transfers from Custodial Funds Transfer from Custodial Funds	(2,765) 556
Change in Net Position	(2,209)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	667,541
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 665,332

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (In Thousands)

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Interest received on mortgage investments	\$ 66,406
Fees, charges and other	12,509
Principal repayments on mortgage loans	134,970
Disbursements of mortgage loans	(536, 187)
Federal assistance receipts	193,375
Federal assistance disbursed	(271,331)
Collection of compliance and origination fees	6,713
Cash payments for compensation, administrative and other costs	(20,063)
Other operating payments	(10,566)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	(424,174)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	
Retirement of principal on bonds and notes	(392,594)
Proceeds from issuance of bonds and notes	850,891
Interest paid on bonds and notes	(48,850)
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	409,447
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Cash Flows Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1,349)
Payments for capital assets	
Payments on leases and subscriptions	(1,118)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	(2,467)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Purchases of investments	(129,857)
Proceeds from maturities and sales of investments	143,966
Interest received on investments	11,222
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	25,331
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	8,137
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	220,440
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 228,577

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (*Continued*) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (In Thousands)

#### Reconciliation of Decrease in Net Position to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities \$ Decrease in net position (2,209)Adjustments to reconcile decrease in net position to net cash provided by operating activities Depreciation and amortization of lease and subscription assets 1,577 Net decrease in fair value 25,839 Compliance and origination fee receipts 3,205 Amortization of unearned revenue (2,170)Income - investments (11,873)Net change in mortgage loans (401,217)Interest expense related to bonds and other debt 43,629 Change in deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB (2,660)Change in deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB (40)Change in assets and liabilities 3,057 Decrease in accounts receivable Increase in accrued mortgage interest receivable (1,934)Decrease in prepaid expenses 125 Decrease in federal housing subsidy deposits (84,760)Decrease in accounts payable (969)Increase in pension and OPEB liabilities 6,226 (424,174)Net Cash Used in Operating Activities

## STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2024 (In Thousands)

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,130
Investments	95,883
Accrued interest receivable	301
Total Assets	109,314
Net Position	
Restricted for Mortgagors	109,314
Total Net Position	\$ 109.314

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (In Thousands)

Additions	
Interest and investment income	
Income - investments	\$ 1,327
Net increase in fair value	3,580
Total interest and investment income	4,907
Mortgage escrow receipts - Mortgagors	44,459
Total Operating Revenues	49,366
Deductions	
Mortgage escrow disbursements - Mortgagors	45,530
Transfers to Enterprise Fund	556
Total Operating Expenses	 46,086
Change in Net Position	3,280
Net Position - Beginning of Year	 106,034
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 109,314

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

## 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Nature of Operations**

The Missouri Housing Development Commission (Commission) is a body corporate and politic established on October 13, 1969, by Chapter 215 of the Missouri state statutes. In accordance with the provisions of Chapter 215 and resolutions of the Commission, the Commission is authorized to make or purchase mortgage loans that are uninsured, partially insured or insured or guaranteed by the federal government and to insure mortgage loans, the funds of which are to be used to develop new or rehabilitated low and moderate-income housing. The Commission is also authorized to issue bonds for making or purchasing such loans. The outstanding balance of bonds applicable to loans not insured or guaranteed by a federal agency or to bonds rated lower than "AA" by rating agencies at the time of issuance shall not exceed \$200,000,000. At June 30, 2024, the Commission had \$13,079,000 of bonds outstanding applicable to conduit loans that are not so insured or guaranteed or to bonds that are not so rated. These conduit bonds are not reported on the Commission's statement of net position. Bonds issued by the Commission are not an obligation of the state of Missouri (State).

#### **Reporting Entity**

The Commission defines its reporting entity to include all component units for which the Commission is financially accountable. The extent of financial accountability is based upon several criteria including: appointment of a voting majority of the governing body, imposition of will, financial benefit to or burden on a primary government and financial accountability as a result of fiscal dependency. No separate entities meet the requirements to be considered component units of the Commission.

The Commission is considered a related organization of the State for financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, the Commission is included as a note disclosure in the state of Missouri's comprehensive annual financial report.

For financial reporting purposes, the Commission reports its operations as a single enterprise fund. The financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting with revenues recognized when earned and expenses recorded when incurred. All significant interfund transactions are eliminated.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Revenues and expenses are typically divided into operating and nonoperating items. Operating revenues generally result from providing services in connection with the Commission's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Commission are derived from the interest and investment income from loans and investments, financing fees, federal and other assistance program funding and other charges related to providing financing for affordable housing through mortgage loans and grants. Operating expenses consist primarily of interest expense on bonds outstanding and federal and other assistance program expenses and other costs to administer its affordable housing programs. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions would be reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The Commission has no nonoperating activities.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Commission's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

### **Fiduciary Fund Statements**

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position provide information on the Commission's fiduciary activities in administering escrow funds on behalf of mortgagors of permanent and construction loans serviced by the Commission. The net position of such funds are reported as restricted net position for mortgagors in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. Investment earnings on the escrow funds held are reported as additions to restricted net position in the Fiduciary Fund.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and on deposit and temporary investments with an original maturity of three months or less. At June 30, 2024 cash equivalents consisted primarily of money market funds, overnight repurchase agreements, a Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) daily time account and U.S. Treasury Bills.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

#### **Investments**

Securities purchased under agreements to resell, U.S. government and agency securities and mortgage-backed securities are reported at fair value. Net increases (decreases) in fair value are reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

#### **Mortgage Investments**

Proceeds from the sale of bonds, resources provided in the Commission's warehousing program and available net position are used to make mortgage loans and to purchase mortgage-backed securities. The mortgage-backed securities are guaranteed as to timely payment of principal and interest by the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA), Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae) or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac) and are backed by pools of qualifying mortgage loans. Advances made on such loans during the construction period of related housing units are recorded as construction loans and are serviced as mortgage loans upon final endorsement after construction completion. Mortgage and construction loans are reported at cost, while GNMA, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac mortgage-backed securities are reported at fair value.

Loans that management has the intent and ability to hold for the foreseeable future or until maturity or payoffs are reported at their outstanding principal balances adjusted for any charge-offs and the allowance for loan losses. Generally, loans are evaluated for nonaccrual status at 90 days past due and interest is considered a loss, unless the loan is well secured and in the process of collection.

#### Fair Value Reporting

The Commission categorizes its fair value measurements applicable for reporting its investments and mortgage-backed securities within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

#### **Allowance for Loan Losses**

The allowance for loan losses is associated with uninsured loans, Risk-Share loans and related accrued interest on such loans. The allowance is management's estimate of uncollectible loans and related accrued interest and is based on existing payment conditions, prior experience and such other factors that, in management's opinion, require consideration. For financial statement presentation, the allowance for loan losses has been netted against the noncurrent portion of mortgage and construction loans.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Original Issue Discounts and Premiums

Original issue bond discounts and premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the related issue using the effective interest method or the outstanding bond method, which approximates the effective interest method.

#### Capital, Lease and Subscription Assets

Capital assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and consist of leasehold improvements, software, office furniture and equipment. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from two to seven years. The Commission defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

The Commission recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset at the commencement of the lease term. The lease asset is amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset. In addition, the Commission recognizes a subscription liability and intangible right-to-use subscription asset at the commencement of a subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA) where the Commission contracts for the right to use another party's software. The subscription asset is amortized over the term of the subscription contract.

#### **Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until then.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans administered by the Missouri State Employees' Retirement System (MOSERS) and additions to and deductions from MOSERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MOSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State Retiree Welfare Benefit Trust (SRWBT) administered by the Missouri Consolidated Health Care Plan (MCHCP) and additions to and deductions from the SRWBT fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MCHCP. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows in the financial statements. Net position is classified as follows:

**Net Investment in Capital Assets**: This component of net position consists of capital, lease and subscription assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, net of related liabilities.

**Restricted Net Position**: This component of net position consists of restrictions placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by grant agreements and contracts, laws or regulations of other governments, bond resolutions or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position: This component represents net position used at the discretion of the Board of Commissioners to complement bond and loan programs, to fund housing initiatives and to provide for the Commission's operations. Certain unrestricted net position has been designated by the Commission to provide for its housing programs. Unrestricted net position provides additional security for the Commission's general obligations and commitments.

#### Fees, Charges and Expenses

Unearned revenue consists primarily of tax credit fees and compliance monitoring fees that are recognized as income over the contractual periods.

Service and other fees and charges are recorded as income when earned and the associated administrative expenses are recorded as incurred.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Operating expenses identifiable to a particular program are charged directly to the program. All other operating expenses are accounted for by the Commission in the Operating Fund (see *Note 2*).

#### Federal Assistance and Grants

The Commission administers grants and federal assistance programs, representing "pass-through" financial assistance, on the behalf of secondary recipients. The Commission reports federal assistance deposits received in advance of incurring related expenditures as a liability presented on the statement of net position. The Commission recognizes financial activity related to pass-through grants and financial assistance as revenues and expenses of the Commission. Grants received from federal, state and local governments, and other organizations are recognized as operating revenue as the related expenditures are incurred.

#### **Debt Refunding**

For refundings resulting in defeasance of debt reported by proprietary activities, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the old or new debt, whichever is shorter, using the bonds outstanding method. The deferred refunding amounts are classified as deferred inflows or deferred outflows of resources in the financial statements.

## 2. Description of Funds or Programs

The following describes the funds or programs maintained by the Commission, all of which conform to Chapter 215 of the Missouri state statutes and the respective bond resolutions.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

#### **Operating Fund**

Funding of the Operating Fund on an ongoing basis is derived principally from allowable transfers from other funds, fees earned for administering various U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) programs, and interest income from Operating Fund investments and mortgage loans. Mortgage and construction loans in the Operating Fund are collateralized by deeds of trust on the related properties, including approximately \$8,839,000 at June 30, 2024, which are insured by HUD's Federal Housing Administration (FHA) Risk-Share Program as described in *Note 4*. Authorized activities of the Operating Fund include the following:

- Payment of general and administrative expenses and other costs not payable by other funds of the Commission.
- Financing multifamily or homeownership residential housing units from accumulated fund balances, if financing of such units is not provided for under existing bond indentures.
- Those activities deemed necessary to fulfill the Commission's corporate purposes for which special funds are not established.

The Commission administers the Missouri Housing Trust Fund, which provides for a variety of housing needs, such as emergency home repair, emergency rent, mortgage or utility payments, rehabilitation or new construction of housing facilities and related services for very low-income families and individuals. The Missouri Housing Trust Fund is authorized by Section 215.034, RSMo and its financial activities are included in the financial statements of the Commission. Separate financial statements for the Missouri Housing Trust Fund may be obtained through the Commission.

#### Multifamily Bond-Financed Program (2000 Indenture)

The Commission's Multifamily Bond-Financed Program (2000 Indenture) was established to support the financing and refinancing of eligible multifamily developments and includes funds and accounts to allocate the proceeds from the bond sales, receive payments on the related mortgage loans, provide for payment of the debt service requirements on the bonds and retain balances in reserves all pursuant to the Commission's Trust Indenture dated as of June 1, 2000. All loans are insured by HUD, including HUD's Risk-Share Program.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Multifamily Bond-Financed Program (2014 Indenture)

The Commission's Multifamily Bond-Financed Program (2014 Indenture) was established to succeed the program established in 2000 with updated terms and flow of funds to support the financing and refinancing of eligible multifamily developments and includes funds and accounts to allocate the proceeds from the bond sales, receive payments on the related mortgage loans, provide for payment of the debt service requirements on the bonds and retain balances in reserves all pursuant to the Commission's Trust Indenture dated as of April 1, 2014. All loans are insured by HUD, including HUD's Risk-Share Program.

#### Special Homeownership Bond-Financed Program (2009 Indenture)

The Commission's Special Homeownership Bond-Financed Program was established under the United States Treasury's Single Family New Issue Bond Program to support the financing of loans for low and moderate income homebuyers and includes funds and accounts to allocate the proceeds from the bond sales, receive payments on the related mortgage loans, provide for payment of the debt service requirements on the bonds and retain balances in reserves. The bonds are secured by mortgage-backed securities on eligible owner-occupied units pursuant to the Commission's Trust Indenture dated as of December 1, 2009. The pledged mortgage-backed securities are guaranteed as to timely payment of principal and interest by GNMA, Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac.

#### First Place Homeownership Bond-Financed Program (2015 Indenture)

The Commission's First Place Homeownership Bond-Financed Program was established to succeed the Special Homeownership Bond-Financed Program due to specific restrictions imposed under the program established by the Treasury Department to support the financing of loans for low and moderate income homebuyers and includes funds and accounts to allocate the proceeds from the bond sales, receive payments on the related mortgage loans, provide for payment of the debt service requirements on the bonds and retain balances in reserves. The bonds are secured by mortgage-backed securities on eligible owner-occupied units pursuant to the Commission's Trust Indenture dated as of May 1, 2015. The pledged mortgage-backed securities are guaranteed as to timely payment of principal and interest by GNMA, Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

## **Fiduciary Funds**

In the course of its loan servicing, the Commission administers escrow and reserve funds held on behalf of its mortgagors. The funds are used to pay taxes and insurance on underlying mortgage property, held as reserve for replacements, or for other purposes. The funds received from the mortgagors are invested in accordance with the Commission's investments guidelines and the assets are offset by a corresponding restricted net position for mortgagors. The cash and investments balance of the escrow funds was \$109,013,000 as of June 30, 2024.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

## 3. Cash and Investments

A summary of cash and investments as of June 30, 2024 is as follows (in thousands):

		202	24	
Enterprise Fund		Cost	Fa	ir Value
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Cash	\$	29,971	\$	29,971
FHLB daily time accounts	Ψ	452	Ψ	452
Repurchase agreements		4,175		4,175
Money market funds		174,965		174,965
U.S. Treasury bills		18,948		19,014
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	228,511	\$	228,577
Investments:				
U.S. Treasury bonds and notes				
and agency obligations	\$	329,769	\$	294,148
Total investments	Ψ	329,769	Ψ	294,148
Total investments		020,100		201,110
Total cash and cash equivalents				
and investments	\$	558,280	\$	522,725
		202	24	
Fiduciary Fund		$\mathbf{Cost}$	Fa	ir Value
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Cash	\$	5,568	\$	5,568
Money market funds	Ψ	1,100	Ψ	1,100
U.S. Treasury bills		6,429		6,462
C.B. Heasury bills		0,420		0,402
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,097	\$	13,130
Investments:				
U.S. Treasury bonds and notes				
and agency obligations	\$	107,398	\$	95,883
Total investments		107,398		95,883
Total each and each equivalents				
Total cash and cash equivalents	ው	190 405	ው	100 019
and investments	\$	120,495	\$	109,013

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

#### **Investment Policy**

#### General

The Commission's formal *Investment Policy and Guidelines* apply to investments that are not held by a trustee in connection with bond or note issues. This policy permits the Commission to invest in obligations of the state of Missouri, obligations of the United States of America, obligations issued or guaranteed by certain agencies of the federal government, certain collateralized repurchase agreements and certificates of deposit. The general policy of the Commission is to make investments for future funding requirements and not for trading purposes. At June 30, 2024, all of the Commission's general investments (non-bond related investments) were in compliance with the Commission's *Investment Policy and Guidelines*.

#### **Indentures**

The Commission's bond indentures permit investments in the direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the United States of America, certificates of deposit, investment agreements and certain other investments permitted by applicable law. At June 30, 2024, all investments of debt-related issues held by the Commission's trustees were in compliance with the requirements of the indentures.

#### **Investment Maturities**

As of June 30, 2024, the Commission had the following investments and maturities (in thousands):

T .	•	T 1
Enteri	TISE	Hund

<del>-</del>			_						
			Inves	tmer	ıt Matı	ıriti	les (in	ı Ye	ars)
	Fair		$\mathbf{Less}$						More
Investment Type	Value	7	han 1		1 - 5		6 - 10	) '	Than 10
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 43,486	\$	33,241	\$	1,371	\$	7,88	5 \$	989
U.S. agency securities	250,662		5,506		94,178	1	50,97	8	
Total investments	\$ 294,148	\$	38,747	\$	95,549	\$ 1	.58,86	3 \$	989
Fiduciary Fund									
Fiduciary Fund			Inv	estn	nent M	atuı	rities	(in	Years)
Fiduciary Fund		Fair		estn Les		atuı	rities	(in	Years)
-	,	Fair Value			SS		rities 1 - 5	(in	Years) 6 - 10
Investment Type	\$		e T	Les	SS			(in \$	
Investment Type  U.S. Treasury securities  U.S. agency securities	\$	Value	• <b>1</b>	Les	5S 1 — \$				6 - 10

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

The Commission's *Investment Policy and Guidelines* limit investments for general funds in repurchase agreements to 90 days and U.S. Treasury and U.S. agency securities to 10 years. The bond resolutions and indentures allow for investments in obligations of the United States of America and investment agreements for the terms specified in these documents, generally 30 years.

At June 30, 2024, as reported at fair value, the Commission's enterprise fund U.S. agency securities consist of \$127,559,000 Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB), \$58,000,000 Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), \$19,472,000 Fannie Mae, \$28,929,000 Freddie Mac and \$16,702,000 Farmer Mac debt securities. At June 30, 2024, as reported at fair value, the Commission's fiduciary fund U.S. agency securities consist of \$41,480,000 Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB), \$22,130,000 Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), \$14,025,000 Fannie Mae and \$16,138,000 Freddie Mac debt securities.

The Commission's recurring fair value measurements include U.S. Treasury and government agency securities, valued using a multi-dimensional relational pricing model (Level 2 inputs). These securities totaled \$294,148,000 in the Commission's enterprise fund and totaled \$95,883,000 in the Commission's fiduciary fund as of June 30, 2024.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates may adversely affect the fair value of investments. The Commission manages interest rate risk by structuring investment portfolios so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and debt service obligations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity.

#### **Credit Risk**

The Commission's money market funds and investments include the securities of U.S. government agencies rated in the highest rating category by Moody's Investor Services (Aaa) and AA+ by Standard & Poor's. Repurchase agreements are unrated, but collateralized by U.S. agency securities.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The Commission places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer with respect to U.S. Treasury and government agency securities. Obligations of the state of Missouri and collateralized certificates of deposit are limited to 60% of the non-bond fund portfolio, each. Collateralized repurchase agreements are limited to 50% of the non-bond fund portfolio. The following tables list investments in issuers that represent 5% or more of total investments, which includes U.S. Treasury Bills and money market funds classified as cash equivalents at June 30, 2024:

Enterprise Fund	Percent of
	Total
Issuer	Investments
Morgan Stanley Institutional Liquidity Funds Government Portfolio	35.5%
Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB)	25.9%
U.S. Treasury	12.7%
Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB)	11.9%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac)	5.9%
Fiduciary Fund	Percent of
	Total
Issuer	Investments
Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB)	43.3%
Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB)	23.1%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac)	16.8%
Fannie Mae	14.6%

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the Commission will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. In accordance with its policy, the Commission addresses custodial credit risk by pre-qualifying institutions with which the Commission places investments, diversifying its investment portfolio and maintaining a standard of quality for its investments.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Commission may not be able to recover its deposits. Protection of the Commission's enterprise fund deposits of \$21,690,000 and custodial fund deposits of \$5,568,000 at June 30, 2024 is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, FHLB letters of credit and by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution. Deposits in the Commission's enterprise fund with the FHLB at June 30, 2024 include \$8,281,000 in a demand deposit account and \$452,000 in a daily time account, which are uninsured and uncollateralized, but secured by the full faith and credit of the FHLB system with implicit government support.

## 4. Mortgage Investments

Mortgage investments reported consist of the following as of June 30, 2024 (in thousands):

	 2024
Total mortgage loan principal outstanding	\$ 424,556
Less: Allowance for mortgage loan losses	(39,272)
Mortgage loans, net	385,284
Total mortgage-backed securities, at cost	1,687,282
Unrealized loss on securitized mortgage loans	(156,088)
Mortgage-backed securities, at fair value	1,531,194
Mortgage investments, net	\$ 1,916,478

Mortgages include loans financed by the federal HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME) totaling \$232,605,000 as of June 30, 2024. A portion of these loans totaling \$167,392,000 at June 30, 2024 include prepayment terms allowing deferment or repayment based on net income of the multifamily developments. An estimated allowance for mortgage loan losses of \$23,347,000 is attributable to the HOME-financed loan portfolio at June 30, 2024. In addition, there were \$40,537,000 in HOME-financed mortgages outstanding at June 30, 2024 that have continuing compliance requirements and convert to grants upon maturity and satisfaction of program requirements. Such mortgages are recognized as expenditures at the time of disbursement. At June 30, 2024, mortgages also include \$26,130,000 in loans financed by the federal Tax Credit Assistance Program (TCAP). An estimated allowance for mortgage loan losses of \$3,101,000 is attributable to this portfolio at June 30, 2024.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

The Commission warehouses mortgage-backed securities created by its single family homeownership programs. The warehoused securities have been funded by short-term FHLB advances or available net position. U.S. agency securities, which totaled \$56,214,000 at June 30, 2024 are pledged as collateral for the short-term FHLB advances. There were warehoused mortgage-backed securities totaling \$51,000 held at June 30, 2024.

The single family bond-financed programs generally require that mortgage loans be made to borrowers whose household income does not exceed the statewide or applicable metropolitan statistical area (MSA) median income, based on family size. For loans financed with tax-exempt bond proceeds (First Place loans), Section 143 of the Internal Revenue Code specifies certain requirements with respect to the nature of the residence, mortgage and eligibility of the borrower. These programs provide funding for mortgage loans that are FHA insured, VA guaranteed, U.S. Department of Agriculture/Rural Development (USDA/RD) guaranteed or Freddie Mac-qualified or Fannie Mae-qualified conventional loans.

When feasible, the Commission finances eligible homebuyers, including non-first time homebuyers, with mortgage loans (Next Step program) financed at predetermined daily prices via the taxable To-Be-Announced (TBA) market in accordance with an agreement with a third-party administrator. Next Step mortgage-backed securities (MBS) delivered totaled \$3,945,000 during fiscal year 2024.

The multifamily bond-financed programs provide long-term financing for rental housing developments for occupancy by families and persons of low and moderate incomes. The Commission has entered into an agreement with HUD, which permits the Commission to participate in HUD's Risk-Share Program. In accordance with the terms of this agreement, HUD will insure certain mortgage loans on rental housing developments (FHA-insured "Risk-Share Mortgage Loans") and the Commission will underwrite the Risk-Share Mortgage Loans following its underwriting guidelines. HUD will insure the Risk-Share Mortgage Loans and will bear 50% of the risk and the Commission will bear the remaining 50% of the risk. The Commission had Risk-Share Mortgage Loans totaling \$36,300,000, representing 29 loans as of June 30, 2024.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Proceeds of revenue bonds, as indicated in *Note 5*, provided resources to finance mortgages. Multifamily housing revenue bonds were used to fund mortgages for multifamily developments. Single family mortgage revenue bonds, as well as resources of the Commission's mortgage-backed security warehousing program, were used to purchase GNMA, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac certificates collateralized by mortgage loans approved in accordance with the guidelines of the Commission's mortgage programs. The financing periods of the pooled mortgage loans are 30 years. Mortgage-backed securities have repayments based on the underlying pooled mortgages and are subject to prepayment.

The fair value of the mortgage-backed securities is sensitive to changes in interest rates, which may result in large fluctuations in carrying value and investment earnings as reported. The mortgage-backed securities held at June 30, 2024 have stated interest rates ranging from 1.75% to 7.55%, while the underlying mortgages have stated interest rates ranging from 2.25% to 8.25%.

GNMA, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac certificates, which are included in mortgage investment balances, are presented in the statement of net position at fair value. These mortgage-backed securities are guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by GNMA, Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac. As of June 30, 2024, the par value of securitized mortgage loans consist of 72.3% GNMA, 11.2% Fannie Mae and 16.5% Freddie Mac certificates. All other loans included in mortgage investments are carried at cost. The following summarizes the carrying value and cost of mortgage investments as of June 30, 2024 (in thousands):

	2024				
		Carrying			
		Value		$\mathbf{Cost}$	
GNMA, Fannie Mae and					
Freddie Mac mortgage-backed					
securities	\$	1,531,194	\$	1,687,282	
Other mortgage loans		424,556		424,556	
				_	
Total mortgage investments	\$	1,955,750	\$	2,111,838	

The Commission's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024 include the GNMA, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac certificates totaling \$1,531,194,000 valued using a matrix pricing technique, which utilizes pricing indices, index spreads and other market reference data (Level 2 inputs).

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

### 5. Bonds Payable and Long-Term Obligations

The following table provides a summary of the changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands):

	Balance June 30,			Balance June 30,	Amount Due Within
	2023	Increases	Decreases	2024	One Year
Publicly Sold Bonds					
Multifamily Bond-Financed					
Program (2000 Indenture)	\$ 15,315	\$ —	\$ (725)	\$ 14,590	\$ 755
Multifamily Bond-Financed					
Program (2014 Indenture)	14,941		(627)	14,314	711
Special Homeownership					
Bond-Financed Program (2009 Indenture)	25,507	_	(5,880)	19,627	1,087
First Place Homeownership					
Bond-Financed Program (2015 Indenture)	1,167,012	540,000	(96,968)	1,610,044	30,028
Total Publicly Sold	1,222,775	540,000	(104,200)	1,658,575	32,581
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placemen Operating Fund - Direct Borrowings	_	698,234	(698,234)	_	_
Total Direct Borrowings and Direct Placemen	<u> </u>	698,234	(698,234)		
Total bonds and notes payable	1,222,775	1,238,234	(802,434)	1,658,575	32,581
Unamortized premium and discount, net	31,866	22,497	(9,058)	45,305	848
Total bonds and notes payable, net	1,254,641	1,260,731	(811,492)	1,703,880	33,429
Lease and subscription liabilities	2,163	6,459	(1,118)	7,504	498
Unearned revenue	9,903	3,205	(2,170)	10,938	1,369
Total long-term debt and other					

The net proceeds of bond issues for both publicly sold bonds and direct placements are used to provide financing for multifamily bond-financed housing developments or for homeownership residential housing units. The bond proceeds are deposited with and invested by bank trust departments in qualified investments until required for such financing. These bonds are obligations of the Commission payable from the mortgage investments and funds specifically pledged to the payment of the bonds and are not liabilities of the state of Missouri.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Multifamily bonds are secured by a pledge of the mortgages and mortgage loans, funds and investments held under each applicable indenture. The mortgage loans held by the 2000 and 2014 Indentures are insured by HUD, including HUD's Risk-Share Program. Single family bonds are secured by pledged mortgage-backed securities, funds and investments held under each applicable indenture. The pledged mortgage-backed securities consist of pools of mortgages originated in accordance with the Commission's loan programs and are guaranteed as to timely payment of principal and interest by GNMA, Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac.

Under the terms of the bond indentures, an event of default occurs if payment of principal or interest is not made when due or in the event the Commission does not comply with one or more covenants in or related to the bond indenture and fails to cure the noncompliance within specified timeframes. If an event of default is not resolved, the trustee can take actions to protect and enforce the rights of the bondholders, including enforcement of rights under the mortgages or mortgage-backed securities and declaring all applicable outstanding bonds due and payable.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

A summary of bonds payable outstanding at June 30, 2024 follows (in thousands), including the applicable calendar date reference for future maturities or final redemption:

Multifamily Bond-Financed Program (2000 Indenture)         Autorized         Outstanding Authorized           2012 Series IRefunding Bonds (4.65%), due 2033         \$ 42,740         \$ 1,640           2013 Series I Friendship Village (3.0% to 3.75%), due 2028-2045         6,555         2,565           2013 Series 2 Refunding Bonds (4.03% to 4.625%), due 2028-2040         15,560         2,940           2013 Series 3 Shepard Apts. (4.125% to 5.00%), due 2026-2045         2,030         5,995           2013 Series 4 House Springs Apts. (4.00% to 5.00%) due 2028-2045         2,55         14,500           Add: Unamortized debt premium         7,940         14,505           Add: Unamortized Bonds (4.00%), due 2041         \$ 23,742         1,806           Authorized Program (2014 Indenture)         22,374         1,806           Multifamily Bond - Financed Program (2014 Indenture)         12,202         2,878           2014 Series 1 Refunding Bonds (3.75%), due 2042         11,503         10,399           2021 Series 1 Refunding Bonds (2.20%), due 2042         11,503         10,399           2021 Series 1 Refunding Bond - Financed Program (2019 Indenture)         22,680         28,979           Poetial Homeowners hip Bond - Financed Program (2019 Indenture)           Poetial Homeowners hip Bond - Financed Program (2019 Indenture)           Poetial H					
Multifamily Bond-Financed Program (2000 Indenture)         2012 Series 1Refunding Bonds (4.65%), due 2033       \$ 42,740       \$ 1,640         2013 Series 1Friendship Village (3.0% to 3.75%), due 2028 - 2045       6,555       2,565         2013 Series 2 Refunding Bonds (4.03% to 4.625%), due 2028 - 2040       15,560       2,940         2013 Series 3 Shepard Apts. (4.125% to 5.00%), due 2026 - 2045       12,030       5,995         2013 Series 4 House Springs Apts. (4.00% to 5.00%) due 2028 - 2045       2,555       1,450         Add: Unamortized debt premium       79,440       14,590         Add: Unamortized general Program (2014 Indenture)       579,440       14,665         Multifamily Bond - Financed Program (2014 Indenture)       2015 Series 1Refunding Bonds (4.20%), due 2040       \$ 23,742       \$ 1,878         2015 Series 1Refunding Bonds (2.20%), due 2042       11,503       10,399         47,365       14,314         Total Multifamily Bond - Financed Program (2009 Indenture)         Publicly Sold Bonds:         2014 Series A (2.95% to 4.00%), due 2024 - 2041*       \$ 50,000       \$ 3,160         2014 Series B (2.90% to 4.00%), due 2024 - 2040*       \$ 50,000       \$ 2,275         2014 Series C (2.97%), due 2036*       40,579       4,900         2016 Series C (2.40%), due 2044*       40,579					
2012 Series 1Refunding Bonds (4.165%), due 2033   \$42,740   \$1,640	M 1/4 " B 1 E' 1 B (2000 I I 4 )	Aut	ho rize d		2024
2013 Series 1Friendship Village (3.10% to 3.75%), due 2028-2045	•				
2013 Series 2 Refunding Bonds (4.03%to 4.625%), due 2028-2040   15,560   2,940   2013 Series 3 Shepard Apts. (4.125%to 5.00%), due 2026-2045   12,030   5,995   2013 Series 4 House Springs Apts. (4.00%to 5.00%) due 2028-2045   2,555   1,450   79,440   14,590   Add: Unamortized debt premium   75   79,440   14,665		\$	· ·	\$	
2013 Series 3 Shepard Apts. (4.125% to 5.00%), due 2026-2045   12,030   5,995     2013 Series 4 House Springs Apts. (4.00% to 5.00%) due 2028-2045   2,555   1,450     79,440   14,590     Add: Unamortized debt premium   75     79,440   14,665     Multifamily Bond - Financed Program (2014 Indenture)     2014 Series 1 Refunding Bonds (4.20%), due 2040   \$23,742   \$1,878     2015 Series 1 Refunding Bonds (3.75%), due 2042   12,120   2,037     2021 Series 1 Refunding Bonds (2.20%), due 2042   11,503   10,399     47,365   14,314     Total Multifamily Bond - Financed Program (2009 Indenture)     Publicly Sold Bonds :   2014 Series A (2.95% to 4.00%), due 2024 - 2041*   \$50,000   \$3,160     2014 Series B (2.90% to 4.00%), due 2024 - 2040*   50,000   5,275     2014 Series C (2.97%), due 2036*   40,579   4,900     2016 Series C (2.40%), due 2044*   31,503   6,292     Add: Unamortized debt premium   42	,		- /		
2018 Series 4 House Springs Apts. (4.00% to 5.00%) due 2028-2045   2,555   1,450   79,440   14,590   79,440   14,590   79,440   14,665   79,440   14,665   79,440   14,665   79,440   14,665   79,440   14,665   79,440   14,665   79,440   14,665   79,440   14,665   79,440   14,665   79,440   14,665   79,440   14,665   79,440   14,665   79,440   14,665   79,440   14,665   79,440   14,665   14,818   15,000	2013 Series 2 Refunding Bonds (4.03% to 4.625%), due 2028-2040		15,560		2,940
Add: Unamortized debt premium 79,440 14,590 75    79,440   75   79,440   75   79,440   75   79,440   75   79,440   75   79,440   75   79,440   75   79,440	2013 Series 3 Shepard Apts. (4.125% to 5.00%), due 2026-2045		12,030		5,995
Add: Unamortized debt premium   75   79,440   14,665	2013 Series 4 House Springs Apts. (4.00% to 5.00%) due 2028-2045		2,555		1,450
Multifamily Bond - Financed Program (2014 Indenture)         2014 Series 1Refunding Bonds (4.20%), due 2040         \$ 23,742         \$ 1,878           2015 Series 1Refunding Bonds (3.75%), due 2042         12,120         2,037           2021Series 1Refunding Bonds (2.20%), due 2042         11,503         10,399           47,365         14,314           Total Multifamily Bond - Financed Programs         126,805         28,979           Special Homeowners hip Bond - Financed Program (2009 Indenture)           Publicly Sold Bonds:           2014 Series A (2.95% to 4.00%), due 2024 - 2041*         \$ 50,000         \$ 3,160           2014 Series B (2.90% to 4.00%), due 2024 - 2040*         50,000         5,275           2014 Series C (2.97%), due 2036*         40,579         4,900           2016 Series C (2.40%), due 2044*         31,503         6,292           Add: Unamortized debt premium         42			79,440		14,590
Multifamily Bond - Financed Program (2014 Indenture)         2014 Series 1Refunding Bonds (4.20%), due 2040       \$ 23,742       \$ 1,878         2015 Series 1Refunding Bonds (3.75%), due 2042       12,120       2,037         2021Series 1Refunding Bonds (2.20%), due 2042       11,503       10,399         47,365       14,314         Total Multifamily Bond - Financed Programs       126,805       28,979         Special Homeowners hip Bond - Financed Program (2009 Indenture)         Publicly Sold Bonds:         2014 Series A (2.95% to 4.00%), due 2024 - 2041*       \$ 50,000       \$ 3,160         2014 Series B (2.90% to 4.00%), due 2024 - 2040*       50,000       5,275         2014 Series C (2.97%), due 2036*       40,579       4,900         2016 Series C (2.40%), due 2044*       31,503       6,292         Add: Unamortized debt premium       42	Add: Unamortized debt premium				75
2014 Series 1Refunding Bonds (4.20%), due 2040   \$23,742   \$1,878			79,440		14,665
2015 Series 1Refunding Bonds (3.75%), due 2042   12,120   2,037	Multifamily Bond - Financed Program (2014 Indenture)				
2021 Series 1 Refunding Bonds (2.20%), due 2042   11,503   10,399   47,365   14,314	2014 Series 1Refunding Bonds (4.20%), due 2040	\$	23,742	\$	1,878
A7,365   14,314	2015 Series 1Refunding Bonds (3.75%), due 2042		12,120		2,037
Total Multifamily Bond - Financed Programs   126,805   28,979	2021Series 1Refunding Bonds (2.20%), due 2042		11,503		10,399
Special Homeo wners hip Bond - Financed Program (2009 Indenture)         Public ly Sold Bonds:         2014 Series A (2.95% to 4.00%), due 2024 - 2041*       \$ 50,000       \$ 3,160         2014 Series B (2.90% to 4.00%), due 2024 - 2040*       50,000       5,275         2014 Series C (2.97%), due 2036*       40,579       4,900         2016 Series C (2.40%), due 2044*       31,503       6,292         Add: Unamortized debt premium       42			47,365		14,314
Public ly Sold Bonds:         2014 Series A (2.95% to 4.00%), due 2024 - 2041*       \$ 50,000       \$ 3,160         2014 Series B (2.90% to 4.00%), due 2024 - 2040*       50,000       5,275         2014 Series C (2.97%), due 2036*       40,579       4,900         2016 Series C (2.40%), due 2044*       31,503       6,292         Add: Unamortized debt premium       42	Total Multifamily Bond - Financed Programs	_	126,805		28,979
20 14 Series A (2.95% to 4.00%), due 2024 - 2041*       \$ 50,000       \$ 3,160         20 14 Series B (2.90% to 4.00%), due 2024 - 2040*       50,000       5,275         20 14 Series C (2.97%), due 2036*       40,579       4,900         20 16 Series C (2.40%), due 2044*       31,503       6,292         Add: Unamortized debt premium       42	Special Homeo wners hip Bond - Financed Program (2009 Indenture)				
20 14 Series B (2.90% to 4.00%), due 2024 - 2040*       50,000       5,275         20 14 Series C (2.97%), due 2036*       40,579       4,900         20 16 Series C (2.40%), due 2044*       31,503       6,292         172,082       19,627         Add: Unamortized debt premium       42	Publicly Sold Bonds:				
20 14 Series C (2.97%), due 2036*       40,579       4,900         20 16 Series C (2.40%), due 2044*       31,503       6,292         172,082       19,627         Add: Unamortized debt premium       42	2014 Series A (2.95% to 4.00%), due 2024 - 2041*	\$	50,000	\$	3,160
20 l6 Series C (2.40%), due 2044*       31,503       6,292         172,082       19,627         Add: Unamortized debt premium       42	2014 Series B (2.90% to 4.00%), due 2024 - 2040*		50,000		5,275
20 l6 Series C (2.40%), due 2044*       31,503       6,292         172,082       19,627         Add: Unamortized debt premium       42	2014 Series C (2.97%), due 2036*		40,579		4,900
Add: Unamortized debt premium 42			31,503		
Add: Unamortized debt premium 42			172,082		
·	Add: Unamortized debt premium		,		
	·		172,082		19,669

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

	Original Amount Authorized	Outs tanding 2024	
First Place Homeownership Bond - Financed			
Program (2015 Indenture)			
2015 Series A (2.65% to 3.75%), due 2024 - 2038*	\$ 60,000	\$ 2,785	
2015 Series B-1(4.00%), due 2045*	23,090	1,425	
2015 Series B-2 (2.85% to 4.00%), due 2024 - 2045*	50,000	1,795	
2016 Series A-2 (2.25% to 4.00%), due 2024 - 2040*	70,000	8,375	
2016 Series B (1.85% to 3.50%), due 2024 - 2041*	70,000	14,425	
2016 Series D (3.40%), due 2046*	51,489	16,688	
2017 Series A-1(4.00%), due 2042*	14,400	3,505	
2017 Series A-2 (2.20% to 4.00%), due 2024 - 2042*	50,000	8,775	
2017 Series B (3.25%), due 2047*	54,241	16,362	
2017 Series C (3.30%), due 2047*	53,939	20,370	
2017 Series D (2.35% to 4.00%), due 2024 - 2047*	54,500	20,175	
2018 Series A (2.45% to 4.25%), due 2024 - 2049*	55,000	22,310	
2018 Series B (2.75% to 4.75%), due 2024 - 2049*	70,000	32,535	
2019 Series A (2.10% to 4.25%), due 2024 - 2047*	65,000	28,660	
2019 Series B (1.75% to 4.00%), due 2024 - 2050*	80,000	41,265	
2019 Series C (1.55% to 3.875%), due 2024 - 2050*	120,000	74,175	
2020 Series A (1.20% to 3.50%), due 2024 - 2050*	100,000	69,575	
2020 Series B (2.25% to 2.625%) due 2043*	75,470	30,495	
2020 Series C (0.85% to 3.50%) due 2024 - 2050*	55,000	41,305	
2020 Series D (0.55% to 3.25%) due 2024 - 2051*	50,000	37,070	
2020 Series E (1.85% to 2.00%) due 2050*	33,400	23,309	
2021Series A (0.40% to 3.00%) due 2024 - 2052*	75,000	60,380	
2021Series B (0.40% to 3.00%) due 2024 - 2052*	65,000	56,045	
2021Series C (0.60% to 3.25%) due 2024 - 2052*	75,000	67,000	
2022 Series A (1.45% to 3.50%) due 2024 - 2052*	75,000	67,510	
2022 Series B (2.80% to 4.75%) due 2024 - 2052*	80,000	74,065	
2022 Series C (2.40% to 5.00%) due 2024 - 2053*	75,000	71,200	
2023 Series A (2.50% to 5.75%) due 2024 - 2053*	90,000	85,880	
2023 Series B (2.95% to 5.50%) due 2024 - 2053*	75,000	73,110	
2023 Series C (3.45% to 6.00%) due 2024 - 2053*	80,000	79,475	
2023 Series D (5.39% to 6.18%) due 2024 - 2053*	15,000	15,000	
2023 Series E (3.50% to 6.50%) due 2024 - 2054*	120,000	120,000	
2024 Series A (3.00% to 5.75%) due 2025 - 2055*	120,000	120,000	
2024 Series B (4.87% to 5.94%) due 2026 - 2054*	10,000	10,000	
2024 Series C (3.25% to 6.00%) due 2025 - 2055*	180,000	180,000	
2024 Series D (4.809% to 5.875%) due 2025 - 2054*	15,000	15,000	
	2,405,529	1,610,044	
Less: Unamortized debt discount		(370)	
Add: Unamortized debt premium		45,558	
·	2,405,529	1,655,232	
Total Single Family Bond - Financed Programs	2,577,611	1,674,901	
·			
Total bonds payable, net	\$ 2,704,416	\$ 1,703,880	

The proceeds of bond issues denoted by "\*" are used to purchase GNMA, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac mortgage-backed securities, which are backed by mortgage loans originated through the Commission's loan programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the Commission redeemed, prior to their scheduled maturity, the principal amount of certain of its bonds. Net gains of \$1,149,000 for the year ended June 30, 2024 on early extinguishment of debt have been recorded and included with other income. These gains arise as a result of immediate recognition of bond premiums, net of immediate recognition of bond discounts, that would have been amortized over the life of the applicable bond issue if not retired and net of call premiums as required by the applicable bond indentures.

### **Conduit Debt Obligations**

The Commission is authorized to issue conduit revenue bonds to provide financing for multifamily rental housing developments. These bonds are limited obligation, conduit debt issued by the Commission, secured by a mortgage and payable solely from payments made pursuant to the loan agreement. Payments on the bonds do not constitute a general obligation payable from funds of the Commission. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the Commission's statement of net position. The Commission had \$13,934,000 in conduit bonds at June 30, 2024.

### **Direct Borrowings - Operating Fund**

In addition to bonds payable, the Commission utilizes short-term FHLB advances, which are secured by pledged U.S. agency securities and mortgage-backed securities. The FHLB can dispose of all or a portion of such securities for purposes of collecting payment of principal and interest on an advance in the event of a payment default. The short-term FHLB advances included financings of \$698,234,000 during fiscal year 2024, including rollover financings of \$409,840,000. There were no advances outstanding at June 30, 2024.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

### **Bond and Long-term Obligation Maturities**

All bonds have early redemption provisions. A summary of future annual scheduled principal and interest maturities for the Commission's long-term obligations, which excludes unamortized debt discounts and premiums, follows (in thousands):

<b>Bonds Maturing</b>							
<b>During Years</b>	Pub	<b>Publicly Sold Bonds</b>					
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total				
2025	\$ 32,581	\$ 65,943	\$ 98,524				
2026	36,657	65,639	102,296				
2027	37,824	64,527	102,351				
2028	39,271	63,340	102,611				
2029	40,794	62,071	102,865				
2030 - 2034	228,409	288,155	516,564				
2035 - 2039	276,713	242,331	519,044				
2040 - 2044	324,099	183,905	508,004				
2045 - 2049	367,235	111,648	478,883				
2050 - 2054	270,982	34,815	305,797				
2055 - 2059	4,010	119	4,129				
	\$ 1,658,575	\$ 1,182,493	\$ 2,841,068				

### Lease and Subscription Liabilities

The Commission leases office space and parking in Kansas City in accordance with a ten-year lease and in St. Louis in accordance with an 11-year lease. The Commission also leases storage space in Kansas City in accordance with a five-year lease. The total value of these lease assets was \$8,417,000 and the related accumulated amortization was \$1,235,000 at June 30, 2024.

The Commission has a SBITA contract through September 2025 for its investment accounting software. The value of the subscription asset was \$521,000 and the related accumulated amortization was \$321,000 at June 30, 2024.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Future principal and interest requirements to maturity for the lease and subscription liabilities as of June 30, 2024 are as follows (in thousands):

Year	Principal		Total
2025			
2025	\$ 498	\$ 334	\$ 832
2026	846	311	1,157
2027	857	282	1,139
2028	585	252	837
2029	621	222	843
2030-2034	3,593	609	4,202
2035-2039	504	8	512
	\$ 7,504	\$ 2,018	\$ 9,522

### 6. Escrow Deposits and Rent Subsidies Payable

Escrow deposits in the fiduciary fund represent funds paid by development mortgagors for real estate taxes, insurance, future replacement of property and other costs.

Federal housing subsidy and other deposits reported on the Commission's statement of net position represent federal funds received in advance for emergency rental assistance, payment of rent subsidies and for other programs.

### 7. Restrictions and Designations

### **Restricted Cash and Investments**

Substantially all of the assets of each bond program of the Commission are pledged as collateral for the payment of principal and interest on bond indebtedness of that program. Therefore, all related bond program assets of the Commission that are pledged as collateral are treated as restricted and noncurrent. The obligations of the Commission are not obligations of the State and the State is not liable for such obligations. The trust indentures between the Commission and the trustees establish special accounts for the segregation of assets and restrictions on the use of bond proceeds and certain other funds received.

Resolutions of the Commission require that, to the extent funds are available in the general account of each bond fund, the funds are to be transferred to a debt service account on a periodic basis, from the date of bond issuance to the date of each succeeding maturity, sufficient to make principal and interest payments on the bonds as they become due. Funds within the general account of each bond fund are on deposit in restricted accounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

The statute and resolutions of the Commission require that for certain bond issues an amount be maintained in reserve accounts to be used to make principal and interest payments on payment due dates. Such amounts are on deposit in restricted accounts for the various issues within the multifamily and single family mortgage revenue bond programs.

Restricted investments include U.S. agency securities pledged as collateral for short-term FHLB advances. Pursuant to state statute, the Commission has also restricted cash and investments held for the Missouri Housing Trust Fund. In addition, cash and investments held associated with federal grant agreements are restricted. These funds include deposits for rental assistance received in accordance with the Consolidated Appropriations Act, homeowner assistance funds received in accordance with the American Rescue Plan Act and other federal programs.

As of June 30, 2024, the assets of all accounts satisfied the requirements as established by the trust indentures, applicable agreements and state statute. Such assets are restricted as follows (in thousands):

		2024
Program restricted funds and pledged investments	\$	68,431
Federal Program Funds		50,684
Missouri Housing Trust Fund		4,086
Bond Proceeds Accounts - funds for purchase of qualified		
mortgage-backed securities or mortgage loans		
and payment of costs of issuance		106,901
Revenue and Debt Service Funds - program revenues		
for debt services payments		50,505
Debt Service and Other Bond Reserve Accounts - reserves		
held as required by bond indentures, including: debt		
service reserves, mortgage reserves and capitalized interest		23,352
	•	
	\$	303,959

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

### **Restricted Net Position**

Pursuant to certain bond resolutions, the Commission has restricted the net position of the multifamily and single family mortgage revenue bond programs to maintain a level of reserves necessary to provide sound fiscal operations. U.S. agency securities and mortgage-backed securities are pledged as collateral for short-term FHLB advances. In addition, net position associated with the federal grant agreements of HOME and TCAP are restricted. In fiscal year 1997, the Commission acquired a portfolio of loans from HUD. Revenues collected from these HUD-purchased loans are restricted by an agreement between the Commission and HUD to be used primarily for rehabilitation loans or grants.

Pursuant to state statute, the Commission has restricted the amount of net position representing revenues over expenses related to the financial activity of the Missouri Housing Trust Fund. Revenues of the Missouri Housing Trust Fund are restricted to programs that financially assist, through loans or grants, the development of housing stock and that provide housing assistance to persons and families with incomes at or below specified levels.

Below is a summary of restricted net position by bond resolution and state statute as of June 30, 2024 (in thousands):

	2024
Restricted Net Position	
Restricted by bond resolution	\$ 33,212
Restricted by collateral custodial agreement - FHLB	56,214
Restricted by grant agreement - HOME	269,105
Restricted by grant agreement - Housing Trust Fund	77
Restricted by grant agreement - TCAP	28,185
Restricted earnings of HUD-purchased Loans	11,782
Restricted by state statute - Missouri Housing	
Trust Fund	4,089
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ 402,664

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

### **Commission Designated Net Position**

The Commission has designated certain unrestricted net position for its affordable housing programs. The Commission has the discretion to reverse any designated net position and as of June 30, 2024, has designated the following amounts (in thousands):

		2024
Designated by Commission for:		_
Tenant assistance	\$	2,181
Loans not funded by a bond sale		111,997
Construction loan commitments		47,000
Loan and other commitments not yet disbursed		42,204
Single Family Homeownership Program		20,000
Single Family Cash Assistance Program		21,500
Rural Initiative Program		558
	•	_
Total Commission Designated Net Position	\$	245,440

### 8. Pension Plan

### General Information about the Pension Plan

*Plan description*. Benefit eligible employees of the Commission are provided pensions through Missouri State Employees' Plan (MSEP) - cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by MOSERS. The plans are referred to as MOSERS throughout the Notes. Section 104.320 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri grants the authority to establish a defined benefit plan for eligible state and other related Commission employees. MOSERS issues a Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.mosers.org.

Benefits provided. MOSERS provides retirement, disability, and life insurance benefits to eligible employees. The base retirement benefits are calculated by multiplying the employee's final average pay by a specific factor multiplied by the years of credited service. The factor is based on the specific plan in which the employee participates, which is based on the employee's hire date. Information on the three plans administered by MOSERS (MSEP, MSEP 2000, and MSEP 2011 retirement plans) and how eligibility and the benefit amount is determined for each plan may be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements of MOSERS' ACFR.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Contributions. Per Section 104.436 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the MOSERS Board. Employees in the MSEP 2011 Plan are required to contribute 4.0% of their annual pay. The Commission's required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 27.26% of annual payroll, which totaled \$2,614,000, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance the unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Commission were \$2,355,000 for MOSERS plan year ended June 30, 2023.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the Commission reported a liability of \$30,997,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 was offset by the fiduciary net position obtained from the MOSERS ACFR as of June 30, 2023 to determine the net pension liability.

The Commission's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Commission's actual share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the actual contributions of all participating employers for MOSERS plan year ended June 30, 2023. At the June 30, 2023 measurement date, the Commission's proportion was 0.40609%, an increase from 0.35908%, as of the June 30, 2022 measurement date.

There were no changes in benefit terms during the MOSERS plan year ended June 30, 2023 that affected the measurement of total pension liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation, which is also the date of measurement for financial reporting purposes, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

### Summary of Key Actuarial Methods & Assumptions

Valuation Date June 30, 2023 Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value Investment Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense 6.95%

Projected Salary Increases 2.75% to 10.00%

Rate of Payroll Growth 2.25% Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLAs)\* 4% or 1.80%

Price Inflation 2.25%

An actuarial experience study covering the five-year period ended June 30, 2020, was performed in 2021.

### **Mortality**

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Members Below Median Employee mortality table, set back two years for males and set forward one year for females. Mortality was projected generationally from 2010 to 2020 using Scale MP-2020 and 75% of Scale MP-2020 for years after 2020.

Post-retirement mortality rates for retirees were based on the Pub-2010 General Members Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table, scaled by 104%, set back two years for males and set forward one year for females. Mortality projected generationally from 2010 to 2020 using Scale MP-2020 and 75% of Scale MP-2020 for years after 2020.

Post-retirement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 General Members Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table, set back two years for males and set forward one year for females. Mortality was projected generationally from 2010 to 2020 using Scale MP-2020 and 75% of Scale MP-2020 for years after 2020.

<sup>\*4.00%,</sup> compounded annually, when a minimum COLA of 4.00% is in effect.

1.80%, compounded annually, when no minimum COLA is in effect (80% of price inflation)

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Disabled mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table, without mortality projection.

### Long-term Investment Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates rates of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adjusting for expected inflation, volatility and correlations. Best estimates of the real rates of return expected are summarized by asset class in the following table:

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

Asset Class	Policy Allocation	Long-Term Expected Nominal Return *	Long-Term Expected Real Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Nominal Return
Global public equities	30.0%	7.7%	5.8%	2.3%
Global private equities	15.0%	9.3%	7.4%	1.4%
Long treasuries	25.0%	3.5%	1.6%	0.9%
Core bonds	10.0%	3.1%	1.2%	0.3%
Commodities	5.0%	5,5%	3.6%	0.3%
TIPS	25.0%	2.7%	0.8%	0.7%
Private real assets	5.0%	7.1%	5.2%	0.3%
Public real assets	5.0%	7.7%	5.8%	0.4%
Hedge funds	5.0%	4.8%	2.9%	0.2%
Alternative beta	10.0%	5.3%	3.4%	0.5%
Private credit	5.0%	9.5%	7.6%	0.5%
Cash and cash equivalents**	-40.0%	-	-	-
-	100.0%			
		Correlation/Volati	lity Adjustment	-0.6%
	Long	-Term Expected Net 1	Nominal Return	7.2%
	Le	ess: Investment Inflat	ion Assumption	-1.9%
	Long-Term	Expected Geometric N	Net Real Return	5.3%

<sup>\*</sup> Long-term expected arithmetic returns of the asset classes at the time of the asset allocation study for each portfolio.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Cash and cash equivalents policy allocation amounts are negative due to use of leverage.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.95%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made using the actuarially determined rates. Based on those assumptions, MOSERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.95% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### Sensitivity of the Commission's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.95%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.95%) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	1% Increase		
	(5.95%)	(6.95%)	(7.95%)	
Commission's proportionate share of				
net pension liability (in thousands)	\$ 38,639	\$ 30,997	\$ 24,613	

### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MOSERS annual comprehensive financial report.

### **Pension Expense**

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the Commission recognized pension expense of \$5,917,000.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

### Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2024, the Commission reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (in thousands):

	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows of	Inflows of	
June 30, 2024	Resources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,452	\$ —	
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments	2,550	_	
Changes in proportion and differences between			
Commission contributions and proportionate			
share of contributions	2,866	_	
Commission contributions subsequent to			
the measurement date of 6-30-2023	2,614	_	
Total	\$ 9,482	\$ —	

\$2,614,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Commission contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2023 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the Commission's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in the Commission's fiscal year following MOSERS' fiscal year as follows (in thousands):

Commission's
Fiscal Year Ending

June 30:	A	mount
2025	\$	3,717
2026		1,313
2027		1,513
2028		325
Total	\$	6,868

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

### Payables to the Pension Plan

The Commission had a payable to MOSERS of \$110,000 as of June 30, 2024, included as a component of accrued liabilities due to contribution obligations related to compensation incurred prior to the fiscal year end.

### 9. Deferred Compensation Plan

The Commission's employees may participate in the State of Missouri Deferred Compensation Plan, a voluntary defined contribution plan offered in compliance with IRS Code Sections 457 and 401(a). The plan is administered by MOSERS in accordance with Sections 105.900 to 105.927 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri. Participant account record keeping and processing services is administered by a third party. Under this plan, employees are permitted to defer a portion of their current salary until future years.

### 10. Other Postemployment Benefits

### General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description. The State Retiree Welfare Benefit Trust (SRWBT), a cost-sharing multiple employer, defined benefit OPEB plan, is administered by the Missouri Consolidated Health Care Plan (MCHCP). Employees may participate at retirement if eligible to receive a monthly retirement benefit from MOSERS or another retirement system whose members are grandfathered for coverage under the plan by law. The terms and conditions governing postemployment benefits, are vested with the MCHCP Board of Trustees within the authority granted under Chapter 103 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri. Financial information for the OPEB plan is included in MCHCP's ACFR which is available on the MCHCP website at www.mchcp.org.

Benefits Provided. Benefit provisions of the SRWBT provide postemployment healthcare coverage. Employees and their eligible dependents may participate in state-sponsored medical coverage in retirement based on plan criteria. Medical coverage, including prescription coverage, is provided through plan options including a qualified high deductible plan with health savings account and preferred provider organization plans (PPO 1250 and PPO 750). Health care benefits are funded through both employer and retiree contributions.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

Contributions. Contributions are established and may be amended by the MCHCP Board of Trustees within the authority granted under Chapter 103 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri (2000) as amended ("RSMo") 103.003 through 103.178. For each year of a retiree's service, 2.5% of the monthly PPO 1250 healthcare plan premium is contributed on behalf of the retiree up to a maximum contribution of 65%. The retiree pays the balance of the premiums. Participants contributed \$42,272,000 toward their required contributions for the plan year ended June 30, 2023. The Commission's required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 ranged from 3.54% to 3.64% of annual payroll, which totaled \$323,000 in contributions actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with participant contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the Commission were \$335,000 for the plan year ended June 30, 2023.

### OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the Commission reported a liability of \$6,480,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Commission's proportion of the net OPEB liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required OPEB contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of OPEB contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At the June 30, 2023 measurement date, the Commission's proportion was 0.4496%, an increase from 0.3932% as of the June 30, 2022 measurement date.

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, the Commission recognized OPEB expense of \$547,000. At June 30, 2024, the Commission reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

June 30, 2024	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 304	\$ 48
Changes of assumptions	_	1,988
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	41	_
Changes in proportion and differences between employer		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	2,066	232
Commission contributions subsequent to		
the measurement date of 6-30-2023	323	_
Total	\$2,734	\$2,268

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

\$323,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Commission contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2023 will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the Commission's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Commission's Fiscal Year Ending	
June 30:	Amount
2025	\$ 26
2026	26
2027	26
2028	25
2029	23
Thereafter	17
Total	\$ 143

### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The actuarial calculations utilize methodologies and assumptions designed to reduce short-term volatility. Actuarial valuations are developed based upon economic assumptions that are appropriate for the purpose of the measurements, take into account relevant historical and current data, reflect estimates of future experience, are free of bias, and include demographic actuarial assumptions that are considered to be reasonable and within a best projection range as described by the Actuarial Standards of Practice. Future actuarial measurements may differ from the current measurements due to many factors, including plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions and changes in plan provisions or applicable law.

Projections include a broad array of complex social and economic events, such as the emergence of new and expensive medical procedures and prescription drug options, change in investment rates of return, and other uncertainties. As such, the estimate of post-retirement program cost contains considerable uncertainty and variability, and actual experience may vary significantly from the current estimated obligation.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

The cost method utilized for the valuation year June 30, 2023, was the entry age normal, level percent of pay. The following presents additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation:

### Summary of Key Actuarial Methods & Assumptions

Valuation Year July 1, 2022 - June 30, 2023

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal, level percent of payroll

Amortization method 30 years, open, level percent of pay

Asset Valuation Method Fair value
Discount Rate 5.50%
Projected Payroll Growth Rate 4.00%
Inflation Rate 3.00%

### Health Care Cost Trend Rate (Medical and Prescription Drugs combined):

Non-Medicare, Medical and Prescription Drug is 6.68% for fiscal year 2024, 6.59% for fiscal year 2025, 6.29% for fiscal year 2026, 5.99% for fiscal year 2027, 5.69% for fiscal year 2028, 5.38% for fiscal year 2029, 5.16% for fiscal year 2030, 5.02% for fiscal year 2031, 4.88% for fiscal year 2032, 4.73% for fiscal year 2033, 4.58% for fiscal year 2034, and 4.50% for fiscal year 2035 and after.

Medicare, Medical and Prescription Drug is 11.79% for fiscal year 2024, 12.54% for fiscal year 2025, 11.38% for fiscal year 2026, 9.06% for fiscal year 2027, 7.19% for fiscal year 2028, 6.75% for fiscal year 2029, 6.33% for fiscal year 2030, 5.93% for fiscal year 2031, 5.52% for fiscal year 2032, 5.11% for fiscal year 2033, 4.70% for fiscal year 2034, and 4.50% for fiscal year 2035 and after.

Administrative Expenses: 5.50%, 3.00% (ultimate)

The per capita health costs, administrative expenses and retiree contributions were updated to reflect current experience. The trend assumptions were revised to reflect future expectations.

### Expected Return on Plan Assets

The MCHCP Board of Trustees adopted an asset allocation model for the SRWBT that implemented a moderate investment approach to steadily increase the exposure of the SRWBT to higher asset classes over time. Exposure to equities will be through a combination of actively managed index funds and/or exchange traded funds that are highly rated and reviewed regularly. Allocations are back tested, and future assets are projected in all models.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

The table below presents the asset allocation for the plan at June 30, 2023:

	Target	Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Return
Domestic Large Cap Equity	17%	5.9%
Domestic Mid Cap Equity	4%	5.9%
Domestic Small Cap Equity	6%	5.6%
Global Equity	5%	9.4%
Domestic Fixed Income	67%	4.2%
Cash Equivalents	1%	3.5%

### Rate of Return

For the plan year ended June 30, 2023, the annual time weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investments, net of OPEB plan investment expense, was 4.76%. The time weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expenses, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. Investment results for the portfolio are measured using the Modified Dietz methodology, which is a time-weighted analysis of portfolio return.

### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.50%. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

### Sensitivity of the Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.50%, as well as what the Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.50%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(4.50%)	(5.50%)	(6.50%)
Commission's proportionate share of			
net OPEB liability (in thousands)	\$ 7,601	\$ 6,480	\$ 5,575

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

### Sensitivity of the Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using assumed trend rates, as well as what the Commission's proportionate share of net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
	in Trend Rates	<b>Trend Rates</b>	in Trend Rates
Commission's proportionate share of			
net OPEB liability (in thousands)	\$ 5,529	\$ 6,480	\$ 7,670

### **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MCHCP comprehensive annual financial report.

### 11. Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations

### Federal and Other Assistance Programs

The Commission participates in various federal and other grant programs, primarily with HUD. In addition to an annual financial audit, the Commission is also subject to program audits, as deemed necessary by its federal and other grantor agencies that may result in disallowed costs to the Commission. The Commission's management does not believe such audits would result in any disallowed costs that would be material to the Commission's financial position at June 30, 2024.

The Commission has identified certain questionable rental assistance payments, for which some have been reported to the appropriate agencies in accordance with regulatory requirements and applicable potential repayment has been recognized; others are pending investigation. The Commission's management does not believe the ultimate resolution of such questioned costs would be material to the Commission's financial position at June 30, 2024.

The Commission is the administrator of the Project-Based Section 8 program in the State. This contract, which terminates January 31, 2025, resulted in \$171,078,000 in housing assistance payment revenue and expense activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. HUD may extend the current contract term and is planning to competitively bid this program administration.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

### **Arbitrage Rebate and Yield Compliance**

Federal income tax rules limit the investment and loan yields, which the Commission may retain for its own use from investing the proceeds of certain tax-exempt bond issues. Excess yields, if any, payable to the U.S. Treasury are included in accounts payable. There was no liability payable as of June 30, 2024. The Commission has previously acquired certain participations in mortgage-backed securities that were financed with tax-exempt bond proceeds in which the interest participation percentage is lower than the principal participation percentage, which could result in the Commission having to originate future belowmarket loans or make a future yield reduction payment to the U.S. Treasury.

### Litigation

From time to time, the Commission may be a defendant in legal actions related to its programs and operations. While the final outcomes of these legal actions vary, management is of the opinion that the ultimate liability, if any, will not have a material effect on the Commission's financial position.

### Other

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Commission carries commercial insurance. In addition, the Commission carries commercial insurance for workers' compensation. The Commission retains risk of loss; however, there have been no settlements which exceeded insurance coverage in the last three years.

The Commission has committed to mortgage loans funded by the operating fund net position of \$63,782,000 that have not been disbursed as of June 30, 2024.

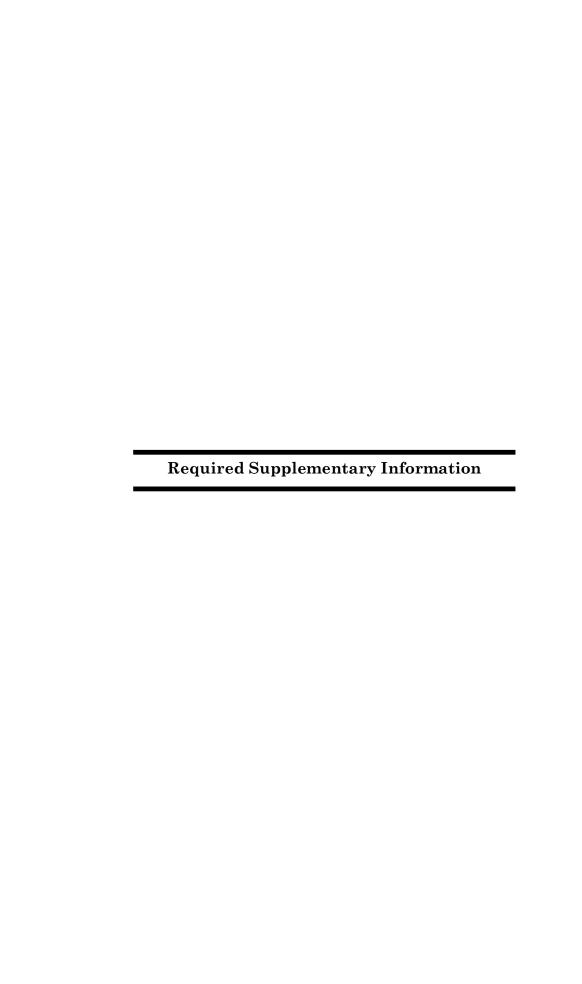
### 12. Subsequent Events

During the current year the Commission authorized Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds to provide funding for the Commission's homeownership programs. In accordance with this authorization, the Commission sold 2024 Series E and F bonds totaling \$240,000,000 in July 2024. The bonds closed in August 2024.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

### 13. Future Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, is effective for the Commission's fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. This statement addresses the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences, and also refines the related disclosure requirements. The Commission is in the process of evaluating the impact of adoption of this statement on the financial statements.



# SCHEDULES OF SELECTED PENSION INFORMATION MISSOURI STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (In Thousands)

# Schedule of Commission's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

					Plan	Plan Fiscal Year Ended	þ				
•	June 30, 2014 June 30,	.014 Ju		une 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	2015 June 30, 2016 June 30, 2017 June 30, 2018 June 30, 2019 June 30, 2020 June 30, 2021 June 30, 2022 June 30, 2023	June 30, 2019	$\mathbf{June}\ 30,2020$	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2023
Commission's proportion of the net pension liability or asset	0:30	0.3044%	0.3030%	0.3148%	0.3141%	0.2993%	0.28676%	0.27947%	0.28894%	0.35908%	0.40609%
Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$	7,	7,178 \$	9,714 \$	14,613	\$ 16,355	\$ 16,698	\$	\$	\$	↔	\$ 30,997
Commission's covered payroll		5,481 \$	5,856 \$	6,097	\$ 6,182	\$ 5,818	\$ 5,571	\$ 5,585	\$ 5,825	\$ 7,164	\$ 8,946
Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability	190	70.50	2000 200 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	7000 000	о 20 20 20 20 20	2000 206	010	7070	7000 1110	0 0 M	0 46 400%
as a percentage of its covered payron. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of	190.	190.30%	100.00%	203.03%	204.0070	700:3370	0710.3170			000.01%	0.40.4970
the total pension liability	79.	79.49%	77.62%	63.60%	60.41%	59.02%	56.72%	55.48%	63.00%	53.53%	52.86%

# Schedule of Commission's Contributions

						Commission Fiscal Year Ended	al Year Ended				
	June	June 30, 2015 June 30,	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	$\mathbf{June}\ 30,2019$	$\mathbf{June}\ 30,2020$	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	2016 June 30, 2017 June 30, 2018 June 30, 2019 June 30, 2020 June 30, 2021 June 30, 2022 June 30, 2023 June 30, 2024	June 30, 2024
Required contribution	€÷	994	\$ 1,035	\$ 1,049	\$ 1,132	\$ 1,126	\$ 1,216	\$ 1,332	\$ 1,684	\$ 2,355	\$ 2,614
Contributions in relation to the required contribution	\$	994	\$ 1,035	\$ 1,049	\$ 1,132	\$ 1,126	\$ 1,216	\$ 1,332	\$ 1,684	\$ 2,355	\$ 2,614
Contribution deficiency											
Commission's covered payroll	\$	5,856	\$ 6,097	\$ 6,182	\$ 5,818	\$ 5,571	\$ 5,585	\$ 5,825	\$ 7,164	\$ 8,946	\$ 9,586
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		16.97%	16.97%	16.97%	19.45%	20.21%	21.77%	22.88%	23.51%	26.33%	27.26%

### Notes:

Information provided is based on a measurement date and actuarial valuation as of the end of the preceding fiscal year.

# Changes of Benefit Terms or Assumptions

Change in assumptions. There were no changes in benefit terms or assumptions during the fiscal year reported.

## SCHEDULES OF SELECTED OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT MISSOURI CONSOLIDATED HEALTH CARE PLAN BENEFIT INFORMATION (In Thousands)

# Schedule of Commission's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

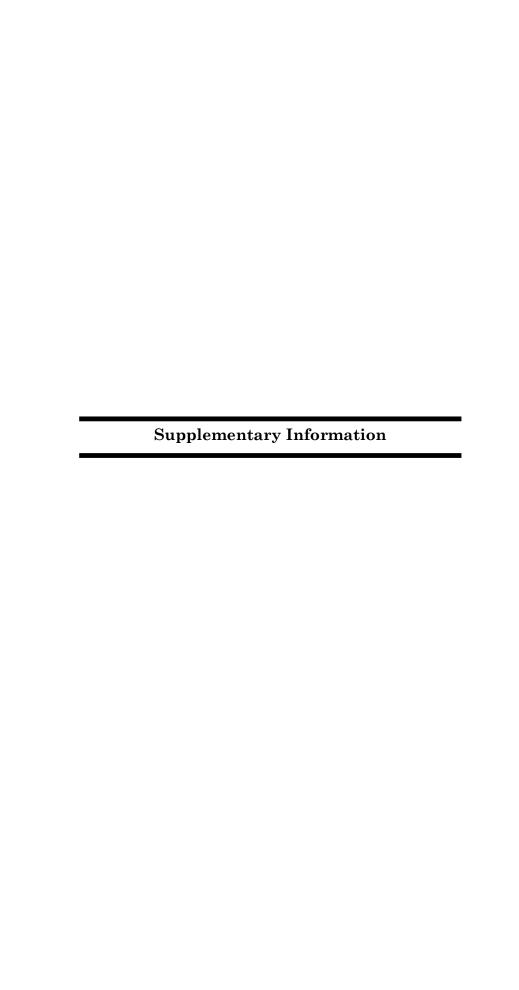
	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	Plan Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 June 30, 2020	fear Ended June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2023	
Commission's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.3424%	0.3245%	0.3082%	0.3061%	0.3073%	0.3932%	0.4496%	
Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 6,042	\$ 5,686	\$ 5,451	\$ 5,452	\$ 5,242	\$ 5,539	\$ 6,480	
Commission's covered payroll	\$ 5,542	\$ 5,245	\$ 5,026	\$ 5,187	\$ 5,381	\$ 6,719	\$ 8,053	
Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	109.05%	108.41%	108.46%	105.11%	97.42%	82.44%	80.47%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	6.64%	906.9	7.31%	8.24%	10.14%	12.12%	12.18%	
Schedule of Commission's Contributions			i	;	,			
	6	0,000	Commis	Commission Fiscal Year Ended	Ended	0000	0000	1000
	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2024
Required contribution	\$ 230	\$ 224	\$ 253	\$ 221	\$ 229	\$ 290	\$ 335	\$ 323
Contributions in relation to the required contribution	\$ 230	\$ 224	\$ 253	\$ 221	\$ 229	\$ 290	\$ 335	\$ 323
Contribution deficiency				1				
Commission's covered payroll	\$ 5,542	\$ 5,245	\$ 5,026	\$ 5,187	\$ 5,381	\$ 6,719	\$ 8,053	\$ 9,004
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	4.14%	4.27%	5.03%	4.26%	4.26%	4.31%	4.16%	3.59%

Above schedules are ultimately required to show information for ten years. Only the data for years currently available is displayed Information provided is based on a measurement date and actuarial valuation as of the end of the preceding fiscal year.

## Changes of benefit terms or assumptions

The per capita health costs, administrative expenses and retiree contributions were updated to reflect current experience.

The trend assumptions were revised to reflect future expectations.



### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION Page 1 of 2 June 30, 2024 (In Thousands)

	Operating	Bond-Finance Multifamily		Total
Assets	Operating	Multilallily	Single Family	Total
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 28,600	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 28,600
Investments	5,879		_	5,879
Mortgage investments	10,425	_	_	10,425
Accrued interest receivable	2,475	_	_	2,475
Accounts receivable - other	1,427	_	_	1,427
Prepaid expenses	379	_	_	379
Total Current Assets	49,185	_		49,185
Noncurrent Assets				
Restricted assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	25.012	8,663	166,302	199,977
Investments	98,189	3,264	2,529	103,982
Mortgage investments	260,314	28,810	1,531,143	1,820,267
Accrued interest receivable	484	201	6,854	7,539
Total restricted assets	383,999	40,938	1,706,828	2,131,765
Investments	184,287	_	_	184,287
Mortgage investments, net of current portion	- ,			,
and allowances for loan losses of \$39,272	85,786	_	_	85,786
Capital assets, less accumulated depreciation	,			·
of \$5,671	2,724	_	_	2,724
Lease and subscription assets, less accumulated amortization				
of \$1,556	7,382	_		7,382
Total Noncurrent Assets	664,178	40,938	1,706,828	2,411,944
Total Assets	713,363	40,938	1,706,828	2,461,129
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Refunding of debt	_	5	675	680
Pension	9,482	_	_	9,482
Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)	2,734			2,734
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	12,216	5	675	12,896

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) Page 2 of 2 June 30, 2024 (In Thousands)

		Bond-Finance	ed Programs	
	Operating	Multifamily S	ingle Family	Total
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities				
Lease liabilities	\$ 498	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 498
Accounts payable	20,725	_	_	20,725
Unearned revenue	1,369	_	_	1,369
Total Current Liabilities	22,592			22,592
Current Liabilities - Payable from Restricted Assets				
Bonds and notes payable	_	1,470	31,959	33,429
Accrued interest payable	_	351	10,106	10,457
Federal housing subsidy deposits	14,545	_	_	14,545
Accounts payable	2	_	_	2
Total Current Liabilities - Payable from				
Restricted Assets	14,547	1,821	42,065	58,433
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Lease and subscription liabilities	7,006	_	_	7,006
Pension	30,997	_	_	30,997
Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)	6,480	_	_	6,480
Unearned revenue	9,569	_	_	9,569
Payable from restricted assets				
Bonds and notes payable	_	27,509	1,642,942	1,670,451
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	54,052	27,509	1,642,942	1,724,503
Total Liabilities	91,191	29,330	1,685,007	1,805,528
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Refunding of debt	_	53	844	897
Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)	2,268			2,268
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,268	53	844	3,165
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	2,602	_	_	2.602
Restricted	369,452	11,560	21,652	402,664
Unrestricted, including designated balances	260,066			260,066
Total Net Position	\$ 632,120	\$ 11,560	\$ 21,652	\$ 665,332

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MULTIFAMILY BOND - FINANCED PROGRAMS June 30, 2024 (In Thousands)

	Multifamily Multifamily (2000 Indenture) (2014 Indenture)		Total	
Assets	(2000 Indenture)	(2011 Indenture)		
Noncurrent Assets				
Restricted assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,597	\$ 2,066	\$	8,663
Investments	1,316	1,948		3,264
Mortgage investments	14,539	14,271		28,810
Accrued interest receivable	105	96		201
Total Noncurrent Assets	22,557	18,381		40,938
Total Assets	22,557	18,381		40,938
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Refunding of debt	_	5		5
T. 1994				
Liabilities  Compart Liabilities Brookly Compared at a Liabilities				
Current Liabilities - Payable from Restricted Assets		711		1 470
Bonds and notes payable	759 319	711 32		$1,470 \\ 351$
Accrued interest payable Total Current Liabilities - Payable from	519	34		991
Restricted Assets	1,078	743		1,821
TOSTI TOTAL TISSUS	1,010			1,021
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Bonds and notes payable	13,906	13,603		27,509
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	13,906	13,603		27,509
Total Liabilities	14,984	14,346		29,330
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Refunding of debt	_	53		53
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	53		53
Net Position				
Restricted	7,573	3,987		11,560
Total Net Position	\$ 7,573	\$ 3,987	\$	11,560

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SINGLE FAMILY BOND - FINANCED PROGRAMS June 30, 2024 (In Thousands)

,	Homeownership Homeowne		First Place Homeownership (2015 Indenture)	Total	
Assets					
Noncurrent Assets					
Restricted assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	893	\$ 165,409	\$	166,302
Investments			2,529		2,529
Mortgage investments		33,723	1,497,420		1,531,143
Accrued interest receivable		124	6,730		6,854
Total Noncurrent Assets		34,740	1,672,088		1,706,828
Total Assets		34,740	1,672,088		1,706,828
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Refunding of debt		_	675		675
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		_	675		675
Current Liabilities - Payable from Restricted As Bonds and notes payable Accrued interest payable Total Current Liabilities - Payable from	sets	1,089 84	30,870 10,022		31,959 10,106
Restricted Assets		1,173	40,892		42,065
Noncurrent Liabilities Payable from restricted assets					
Bonds and notes payable		18,580	1,624,362		1,642,942
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		18,580	1,624,362		1,642,942
Total Liabilities		19,753	1,665,254		1,685,007
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b> Refunding of debt		416	428		844
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		416	428		844
Net Position Restricted		14,571	7,081		21,652
Total Net Position	\$	14,571	\$ 7,081	\$	21,652

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (In Thousands)

	<b>Bond-Financed Programs</b>						
	Op	erating	Mult	ifamily	Single	Family	Total
Operating Revenues							
Interest and investment income							
Income - mortgage investments	\$	8,882		\$ 1,506		\$57,952	\$ 68,340
Income - investments		5,779		480		5,614	11,873
Net decrease in fair value		9,749		(121)		(35,467)	(25,839)
Total interest and investment income		24,410		1,865		28,099	54,374
Income - MBS sales		84		_		_	84
Administration fees		9,141		_		_	9,141
Other income		8,144		_		1,149	9,293
Federal program income		$278,\!135$		_		_	278,135
Total Operating Revenues		319,914		1,865		29,248	351,027
Operating Expenses							
Interest expense on bonds		1,708		1,030		40,891	43,629
Bond debt expense and other fees		30		21		5,041	5,092
Compensation		19,056		_		_	19,056
General and administrative expenses		6,319		_		_	6,319
Rent and other subsidy payments		1,969		_		_	1,969
Missouri Housing Trust Fund grants		3,504		_		_	3,504
Federal program expenses		274,223		_		_	274,223
Total Operating Expenses		306,809		1,051		45,932	353,792
Income before transfers from Custodial Funds		13,105		814		(16,684)	(2,765)
Transfer from Custodial Funds		556		_			556
Change in Net Position		13,661		814		(16,684)	(2,209)
Net Position - Beginning of Year		619,669		10,979		36,893	667,541
Interfund Transfers		(1,210)		(233)		1,443	
Net Position - End of Year	\$	632,120	\$	11,560	\$	21,652	\$ 665,332

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION MULTIFAMILY BOND - FINANCED PROGRAMS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (In Thousands)

	Multifamily	Multifamily	
	(2000 Indenture)	(2014 Indenture)	Total
Operating Revenues			
Interest and investment income			
Income - mortgage investments	\$ 837	\$ 669	\$ 1,506
Income - investments	285	195	480
Net decrease in fair value	(44)	(77)	(121)
Total interest and investment income	1,078	787	1,865
Total Operating Revenues	1,078	787	1,865
Operating Expenses			
Interest expense on bonds	640	390	1,030
Bond debt expense and other fees	14	7	21
Total Operating Expenses	654	397	1,051
Change in Net Position	424	390	814
Net Position - Beginning of Year	7,155	3,824	10,979
Interfund Transfers	(6)	(227)	(233)
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 7,573	\$ 3,987	\$ 11,560

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION SINGLE FAMILY BOND - FINANCED PROGRAMS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (In Thousands)

	Special Homeownership (2009 Indenture)	First Place Homeownership (2015 Indenture)	Total
Operating Revenues			
Interest and investment income			
Income - mortgage investments	\$ 1,537	\$ 56,415	\$ 57,952
Income - investments	67	5,547	5,614
Net decrease in fair value	(370)	(35,097)	(35,467)
Total interest and investment income	1,234	26,865	28,099
Other income	237	912	1,149
Total Operating Revenues	1,471	27,777	29,248
Operating Expenses			
Interest expense on bonds	666	40,225	40,891
Bond debt expense and other fees	8	5,033	5,041
Total Operating Expenses	674	45,258	45,932
Change in Net Position	797	(17,481)	(16,684)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	14,134	22,759	36,893
Interfund Transfers	(360)	1,803	1,443
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 14,571	\$ 7,081	\$ 21,652